SỞ GD & ĐT GIA LAI	**KIỂM TRA CUỐI KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2025-2026**
TRƯỜNG THPT SỐ 2 AN NHƠN	**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 11**
----------	*Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút*
(Đề thi có 04 trang)	*(không kể thời gian phát đề)*
Họ và tên:	Số báo danh: ..... **Mã đề 000**

Listen to two students, Tran and Mai, talking about the ASEAN Youth Forum and decide whether the following statements are True or False. You will listen twice.

Question 1. Tran attended an ASEAN Youth Forum in Thailand.

A. True **B.** False

Question 2. Vietnam joined ASEAN in 1995.

A. True **B.** False

Question 3. According to Tran, foreign companies invest in Vietnam because it's part of ASEAN.

A. True **B.** False

Question 4. Mai's brother is studying in the Philippines through an ASEAN scholarship program.

A. True **B.** False

Question 5. Tran thinks that being in ASEAN has not created more job opportunities for young Vietnamese people.

A. True **B.** False

Listen a talk about Global warming and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D to complete each of the following questions. You will hear the recording twice.

Question 6. Due to the hot weather, Britain is experiencing _____ this summer.

A. a water shortage **B.** a power cut
C. a heat wave **D.** heat-related illnesses

Question 7. The rest of European is experiencing the hottest summer in _____.

A. 115 years **B.** 15 years **C.** 150 years **D.** 50 years

Question 8. The world's temperature is expected to _____ in the next 100 years.

A. go up **B.** go down **C.** stay unchanged **D.** fluctuated

Question 9. According to the talk, climate changes take place _____.

A. in India **B.** in the South Pacific
C. in the United Sates **D.** all over the world

Question 10. Some experts say temperatures are rising because of too much pollution caused by ____

A. nature **B.** development **C.** industrialization **D.** humans

Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 11 to 14

ASEAN – One Vision, One Future

Connecting people. Sharing values. Shaping tomorrow.

ASEAN brings Southeast Asian countries together to create opportunities in education, culture, and sustainable development. Through regional programmes and youth initiatives, ASEAN inspires (11) _____, mutual understanding, and shared progress across the region.

United by shared goals, ASEAN supports cultural (12) _____ and regional collaboration, helping young people gain skills, broaden their perspectives, and prepare (13) _____ a global future. These efforts play an important role in (14) _____ an ASEAN community that is peaceful, inclusive, and forward-looking.

 Be part of ASEAN. Join regional programmes, take action, and shape the future of Southeast Asia today!

Question 11.

A. cooperate **B.** cooperative **C.** cooperation **D.** cooperating

Question 12.

A. change **B.** exchange **C.** value **D.** shock

Question 13.

A. in **B.** at **C.** about **D.** for

Question 14.

A. building **B.** constructing **C.** forming **D.** establishing

Read the following passage about the effects of global warming and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 15 to 18.

From melting arctic ice caps to forest fires, global warming is heating up the planet and damaging the Earth's ecosystems. Global warming is the rise of the Earth's temperatures caused by an increase of CO2 and other greenhouse gas emissions. Using more and more electricity and driving more cars, (15) _____. We are also cutting down more trees that clean the air.

Scientists have been studying the effects of global warming on different ecosystems for a long time and what they have found is quite worrying. The rising temperatures have caused many problems in ecosystems. Arctic ice is melting, causing sea levels to rise and floods in seaside areas. As a result, animals and plants are losing (16) _____. As oceans and rivers become warmer, the water temperatures keep changing. Some marine animals cannot live in these new conditions. Since the 1970s, populations of fish in lakes and rivers have decreased by 76 percent.

Global warming is also causing extreme weather events. Other ecosystems, like deserts and grasslands, are experiencing terrible droughts and certain wildlife and plant species (17) _____ are dying. Due to the high temperatures, wildfires are destroying whole ecosystems such as forests. There has been a serious rise in endangered species in recent years that could result in many animals becoming extinct. (18) _____. We need to take action to stop global warming and save the Earth's ecosystems before it's too late.

Question 15.

A. global warming has increased very much

B. human contribution to the warming of the Earth has proved to be huge

C. there has been an increase in the Earth's temperature

D. people have contributed to the Earth becoming warmer

Question 16.

A. its homes **B.** his homes **C.** our homes **D.** their homes

Question 17.

A. that depend on water **B.** they depend on water

C. depend on water **D.** depened on water

Question 18.

A. The growth of plants and animals enhances the balance of a healthy ecosystem.

B. The loss of plants and animals causes problems for all living things in an ecosystem

C. Introducing new plants and animals into a garden can cause unexpected problems for the ecosystem

D. Scientists study plants and animals to understand the interactions within an ecosystem

Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 22.

HUMANS AND ENVIRONMENT

A carbon footprint is the total amount of CO_2 **(19)** _____ by human activities. It often also includes the emissions of other greenhouse gasses. Although calculating your carbon footprint can be difficult, you can still estimate it based on how big your family is, how much electricity your appliances use, how much you drive or fly, or how much you recycle.

Globally, the average carbon footprint per person is more than 4 tons per year. Too much CO_2 in the Earth's atmosphere can cause serious problems, which lead to increasing global temperatures and air pollution, and destroy the natural world.

It's not difficult to reduce your carbon footprint. You can do it by making **(20)** _____ eco-friendly.**(21)** _____, you can take shorter showers. The less hot water you use, the less energy is needed to heat the water. Instead of using your personal car or motorbike, you should use public transport, walk or cycle as much as possible.
These simple activities can help **(22)** _____ your carbon footprint and your impact on the environment.

(Adapted from *Global Success*)

Question 19.

A. product **B.** produces **C.** producing **D.** produced

Question 20.

A. your daily activities **B.** daily activities you
C. activities your daily **D.** your activities daily

Question 21.

A. For example **B.** However **C.** Moreover **D.** Instead of

Question 22.

A. increase **B.** reduce **C.** control **D.** change

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 23 to 27

Climate change has affected wild animals and plants all over the world, but some species are more endangered than others. Polar animals, whose icy habitat is melting in the warmer temperatures, are particularly at risk. In fact, studies show that the Arctic sea Ice is melting faster than ever Polar bears and seals need sea ice as places to raise their young, feed, or rest.

Rising sea levels threaten the habitats of sea turtles, which depend on beaches to lay their eggs. Many people may not know that the temperature of nests **determines** whether the eggs are male or female. Unfortunately, rising temperatures mean that most turtles will be born females, and this may lead to population decline.

Climate change does not only have an impact on wildlife, **it**'s affecting us, too, Farmers, especially in developing countries, are the most affected. They are dealing with higher temperatures, heavier rainfall, floods, and droughts, Environmental conditions can also affect plant growth and crop quality. For example, in Kenya, because of climate change, rainfall is becoming heavier and less predictable. Droughts are often followed by large amounts of rain, which makes growing tea, Kenya's most important crop, very difficult.

Question 23. What is the main idea of the text?

A. The causes of climate change.
B. The effects of climate change
C. The ways people deal with climate change.
D. The causes and solutions to climate change.

Question 24. What threatens the natural habitat of Arctic animals?

A. Rising temperatures **B.** Rising sea levels
C. Resting places **D.** Sea ice

Question 25. The word '**determines**' in paragraph 2 mostly means

A. discovers **B.** questions **C.** concludes **D.** decides

Question 26. According to the text, what could happen to turtle populations as a result of climate change?

A. There will be more turtles in the future.
B. There will be no nesting beaches for turtles to lay eggs.
C. The number of females will be higher than the number of males.
D. The turtle eggs will be easily broken.

Question 27. What does the word '**it**' in paragraph 3 refer to?

A. an impact **B.** wildlife **C.** farming **D.** climate change

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 28 to 33.

Vietnam has made remarkable progress in rural development over the past two decades through innovative policies and community-based approaches. The National Target Program on New Rural Development, launched in 2010, has improved living standards in remote areas. This program focuses on infrastructure development, agricultural **modernization**, and environmental protection. By investing in irrigation systems and sustainable farming techniques, Vietnam has enhanced productivity while preserving natural resources.

Education and healthcare improvements have been central to Vietnam's rural strategy. The government has established vocational training centers in rural districts, equipping farmers with skills to diversify income sources. These centers offer courses ranging from agricultural techniques to handicraft production. Additionally, mobile healthcare units visit isolated communities, providing medical services to those who previously **lacked** access. This approach has resulted in declining poverty rates throughout rural Vietnam.

Vietnam actively shares its development experiences with other ASEAN nations through regional cooperation. Workshops bring together policymakers and experts to exchange knowledge and best practices. Vietnam's model of combining traditional farming with modern technology has interested neighbors like Cambodia and Laos. **Vietnamese specialists frequently conduct training sessions in neighboring countries, demonstrating sustainable cultivation methods.** This collaboration strengthens regional bonds while addressing shared challenges of climate change.

The success of Vietnam's rural initiatives offers valuable lessons for ASEAN. The emphasis on local participation has fostered ownership among rural residents. The integration of environmental considerations ensures long-term sustainability. As ASEAN pursues community-building goals, Vietnam's experience shows how targeted rural development contributes to regional stability. By adapting these approaches, other members can accelerate **their** own rural transformation journeys.

Question 28. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned as a focus of Vietnam's National Target Program?

A. Financial assistance to farmers **B.** Infrastructure development
C. Agricultural modernization **D.** Environmental protection

Question 29. The word "**modernization**" in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

A. advancement **B.** development **C.** traditionalism **D.** innovation

Question 30. The word "**lacked**" in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by _____.

A. missed **B.** rejected **C.** ignored **D.** overlooked

Question 31. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?

A. Vietnam sends experts abroad to learn new farming techniques from neighboring nations.
B. Agricultural specialists from Vietnam rarely visit other countries to share their knowledge.
C. Neighboring countries regularly invite Vietnamese farmers to observe local growing methods.
D. Experts from Vietnam often teach sustainable farming practices in surrounding countries.

Question 32. The word "**their**" in paragraph 4 refers to _____.

A. Vietnam's approaches' **B.** Rural initiatives'
C. Other members' **D.** Regional communities'

Question 33. In which paragraph does the writer discuss the health and education aspects of Vietnam's rural development?

A. Paragraph 2 **B.** Paragraph 3 **C.** Paragraph 1 **D.** Paragraph 4

Part 1: ***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful text in each of the following questions from 34 to*** **35.**

Question 34. a. Really? How come?

b. When you burn waste like that, it releases harmful toxins into the air, which can cause respiratory problems and other health issues. It can also harm the environment and pollute the air and soil.

c. Yeah, I see that. But do you know that burning waste like that can be dangerous to people's health and the environment?

d. Hey, have you seen me burning some rubbish here?

A. d-c-a-b **B.** b-a-d-c **C.** d-a-b-c **D.** b-c-d-a

Question 35. a. Vietnam also benefits economically from its membership by promoting trade and attracting investment.

b. It strengthens regional cooperation and builds closer ties with neighboring countries.

c. These advantages demonstrate that Vietnam's active participation in ASEAN contributes to the country's long-term growth, stability, and development.

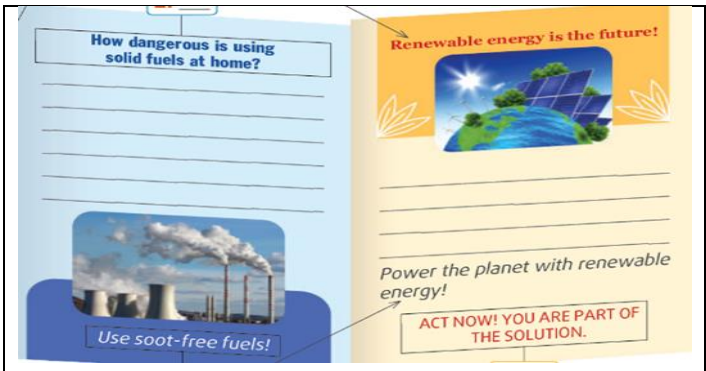
d. Joining ASEAN brings many benefits to Vietnam.

e. In addition, collaborating on education, health, and cultural exchanges improves social development and mutual understanding.

A. b-a-e-c-d **B.** d-a-b-e-c **C.** d-b-a-e-c **D.** c-d-b-a-e

Writing: Look at the incomplete leaflet. Write 2 paragraphs of about 60-70 words each to persuade people to use renewable energy.You may use the following ideas. (1.0 pt.)

- Stop using solid fuels at home (release black carbon and other pollutants, black carbon can enter the human body and cause serious health problems, kill millions of people yearly)
- Switch to renewable energy (clean, not pollute the environment; never run out because it comes from natural sources, replace fossil fuels because it is convenient and reliable)



How dangerous is using solid fuels at home?

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Use soot-free fuels!

Renewable energy is the future!

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Power the planet with renewable energy!

-- The end --